

線型代数学・同演習 A

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次の和を計算せよ．

$$(1) \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n (i+j)^2$$

$$(2) \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (j-i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad & \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n (i+j)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n (i^2 + 2ij + j^2) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n ni^2 + 2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^n i \right) \left(\sum_{j=1}^n j \right) + \sum_{j=1}^n nj^2 \\ &= \frac{2}{6} n^2 (n+1)(2n+1) + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \right)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{6} n^2 (n+1)(7n+5) \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad & \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (j-i) \\ &= \sum_{j=2}^n \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (j-i) \\ &= \sum_{j=2}^n j \left((j-1)j - \frac{1}{2}(j-1)j \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=2}^n (j^2 - j) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n (j^2 - j) \quad (\because (j^2 - j)|_{j=1} = 0 \text{ なので}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{6} n(n+1)(2n+1) - \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{6} (n-1)n(n+1) \quad \square \end{aligned}$$